Fiscal Year 2023 Regulatory Grant Distribution

State/Tribe	Start Date	FY 2022 Final Distribution	FY 2023 Three Month Estimate Regional Recommendations ¹	Final Fiscal Year 2023 Final Distribution ²
Kentucky	1-Sep	\$13,295,421	\$16,480,766	\$13,324,601
Alabama	1-Oct	\$1,359,901	\$1,769,200	\$1,362,885
Arkansas	1-Oct	\$98,162	\$180,000	\$98,377
Indiana	1-Oct	\$1,179,966	\$1,127,035	\$1,127,035
Mississippi	1-Oct	\$242,576	\$277,024	\$243,108
Pennsylvania	1-Oct	\$12,959,835	\$14,980,371	\$12,988,278
Hopi Tribe	1-Oct	\$353,996	\$366,855	\$354,773
Navajo Nation	1-Jun	\$1,475,203	\$1,703,759	\$1,478,441
Alaska	1-Jul	\$362,436	\$379,998	\$363,231
Colorado	1-Jul	\$2,267,207	\$2,602,812	\$2,272,183
Crow Tribe	1-Jul	\$559,349	\$637,165	\$560,577
Illinois	1-Jul	\$3,243,340	\$4,300,000	\$3,250,459
Iowa	1-Jul	\$45,211	\$48,846	\$45,310
Kansas	1-Jul	\$43,819	\$46,607	\$43,915
Montana	1-Jul	\$2,153,576	\$2,386,295	\$2,158,302
New Mexico	1-Jul	\$816,070	\$823,548	\$817,861
North Dakota	1-Jul	\$990,417	\$1,109,328	\$992,591
Ohio	1-Jul	\$1,453,124	\$1,369,177	\$1,369,177
Oklahoma ³	1-Jul	-	-	-
Utah	1-Jul	\$1,995,287	\$2,065,407	\$1,999,666
Wyoming	1-Jan	\$2,400,996	\$2,535,712	\$2,406,265
Louisiana	1-Jan	\$256,327	\$321,468	\$256,890
Maryland	1-Jan	\$866,118	\$943,473	\$868,019
Missouri	1-Jan	\$200,297	\$240,463	\$200,737
Virginia	1-Jan	\$3,495,891	\$4,000,000	\$3,503,564
West Virginia	1-Jan	\$10,199,272	\$11,340,725	\$10,221,657
Texas	1-Dec	\$2,686,203	\$2,929,546	\$2,692,098
Totals		\$65,000,000	\$74,965,580	\$65,000,000

¹ Each State or Tribe with a Title V Regulatory Program under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977, Pub. L. No. 95-87, as amended, must submit a current program budget three months prior to the beginning of the Federal fiscal year for which a grant will be requested. OSMRE then conducts a detailed analysis of these program budgets and provides a regional recommendation. No estimates were submitted for OK.

 $^{^2}$ The Fiscal Year 2023 Regulatory Grant Final Distribution is \$65,000,000, as authorized by the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, Pub. L. No. 117-328.

³ Consistent with *McGirt v. Oklahoma*, 140 S. Ct. 2452 (2020), and related cases, neither the State of Oklahoma nor any of its agencies are currently eligible to receive development or regulatory grants. *See, e.g., Oklahoma v. U.S. Department of the Interior*, No. CIV-21-719-F, 2022 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 204065 (W.D. Okla. Nov. 9, 2022).